

Welcome to HCIS Maths Evening October 5th 2016





Expectations by the end of Year 1

You will receive Maths Curriculum overview to take home.

- Number and Place Value
- Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number.
- Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of two's, five's and tens.
- Given a number count 1 more and 1 less.
- Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictures including a number line.
- Use mathematical language such as : equal to, more than, less than, most, least.
- Addition and Subtraction
- Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition, subtraction and equals signs. + - =
- Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20
- Add and subtract one and two digit numbers to 20, including zero.
- Solve one step problems that involve addition, subtraction. These may be presented as missing number problems.

Expectations by the end of Year 1

Multiplication and Division

 Solve one step problems involving multiplication and division. Children may use objects, pictures or arrays to support them with this.

Fractions

- Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.
- Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity

Measures

- Compare, describe and solve practical problems for:
- Height, length, mass, weight, capacity, volume,
- Time.
- Measure and begin to record the following:
- Lengths / height
- Mass / weight
- Capacity / volume
- Time in hours, minutes and seconds
- Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.
- Sequence events in chronological order
- Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years.
- Tell the time to the nearest house and half past the hour.



Expectations by the end of Year 1

Shape

- Recognise and name 2D and 3D shapes including:
- 2D rectangles squares, circles and triangles
- 3D cuboids, cubes, pyramids and spheres

Position and Direction

 Describe position, direction and movement including whole, half, quarter and three quarter turns.

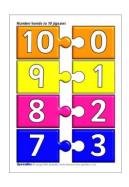


TEACHING MATHS IN YEAR 1

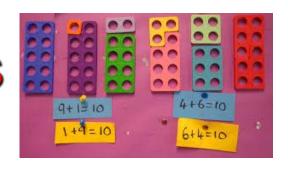
Maths in Year one is very practical using lots of resources but the children are starting to record e.g. and and

We also focus on counting in steps of 2, 5 and 10 and number bonds. Once these are learnt they can them use these number facts to derive other maths e.g. if $7+3=10\ 17+3=20\ or\ 5,10,15$, 20, is 4x5=20. These key skills are also applied to real life problem solving e.g. money.

If I want to buy a sweet that costs 12p, what coins could I use?



Number Bonds



- Why are they so important?
- They are a powerful building blocks for number.

E.g. if the children know that 7+3=10 then they know 17+3=20 and 70+30=100.

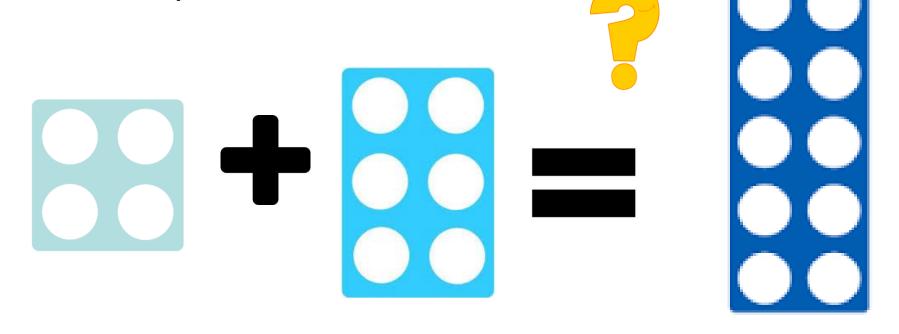
This will help them in all areas of maths.

Your turn....in 30 seconds, write as many number bonds to 10 as you can. Challenge – now to 100!



Number bonds game

 Your turn - Hold up your piece of Numicon and see if you can find someone who has the other piece that makes 10.



Step Counting



- Each child needs to be able to count on and back in 1's, 2's, 5's and 10's.
- This will help with all areas of maths.
- They need to count on from any multiple e.g.
- 4, 6, 8, or 35, 40, 45 or 100, 90, 80 etc....
- This can be practised anywhere at any time e.g. in the car, in the bath or walking to school.

Your turn....tens aerobics!





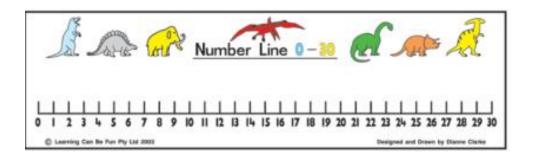
Addition

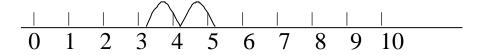
Counting on using objects
Counting on using number line / tracks
Counting on using a hundred square
Blank number line (bridging)
Partitioning
Column addition



Addition:

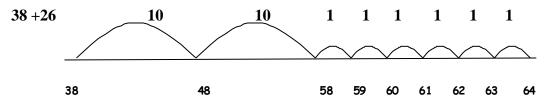
$$3 + 2 =$$





and 2 more







Your turn....drawing a blank number line on your white board, show the addition using partitioning

56 + 35!

Addition - using the 100 square

Now it's your turn!



_									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

- What patterns can you see?
- Let's start adding 10 on the 100 square!
- http://www.primarygames.co.uk/pg2/splat/splat sq100.html

Addition: partitioning

$$30 + 40 = 70$$
 $4 + 5 = 9$
 $= 70 + 9$
 $= 79$

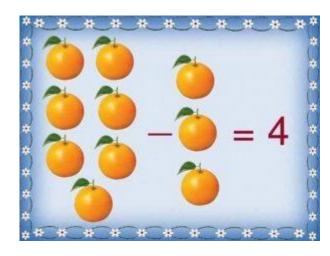


Your turn! Write on the mini whiteboards and show the partitioning for —

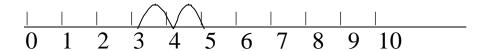
$$56 + 31 =$$

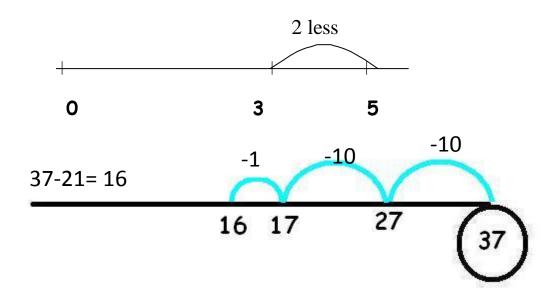
Subtraction

- Counting back using objects
- Counting back using a number line
- Counting back using a hundred square
- Blank number line
- Partitioning



Subtraction: Number Lines



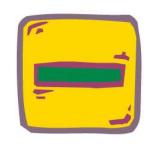


Counting back

Your turn - drawing a blank number line on your white board, show the subtraction using partitioning



Subtraction games

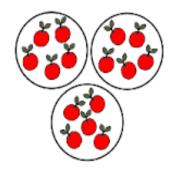


 Your turn – Can you work out 20-8 using the large number tiles?



Multiplication

- Doubles objects / bead string
- Counting in steps of 2,5,10
- Counting objects
- Pictures
- Number lines
- Times tables
- Arrays



There are 3 equal groups of 5.



Multiplication learned as repeat addition

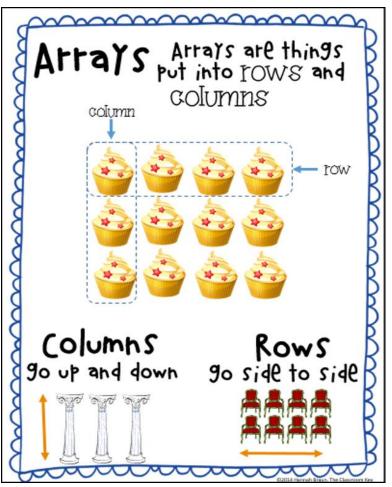
$$3x2 = 2 + 2 + 2$$

$$5+5+5=15$$
 becomes $3x5=15$

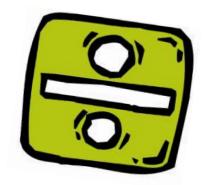
Multiplication 🔪





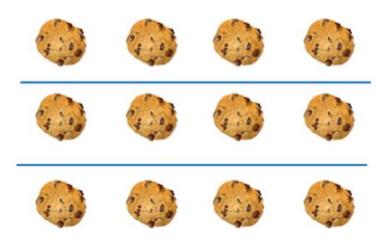


Division

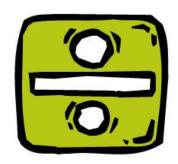


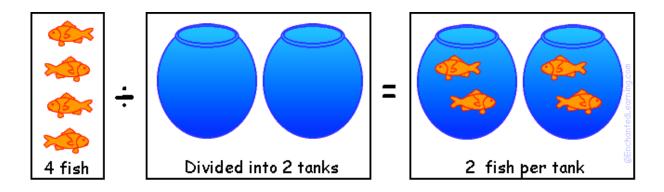
- Halving
- Sorting hoops and objects
- Pictures
- Related times tables facts

Share 12 cookies equally among 3 children. How many cookies will each child get?



Division

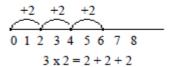




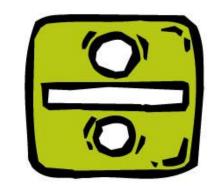
Use arrays.

- 0 0 0 0
- 0 0 0 0
- 0 0 0 0

Multiplication learned as repeat addition 3x2 = 2 + 2 + 2



Division



I have 10 cakes to share between 5 friends.
 How many cakes does each friend get?



 Your turn - Draw on your whiteboard and show me how.

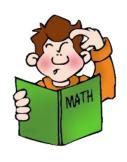
Problem Solving



- This is a great way to use all the skills we have learnt.

 Word problems?
- We use the RUCSAC method.





Example problem

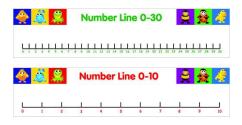


- Tom has <u>6 apples</u> and <u>4 oranges</u> how much fruit <u>altogether?</u>
- 1. Underline the important words.
- 2. Decide on a method e.g. adding
- 3.6+4=10
- 4. How can I check this? I know 6+3=9 so 6+4-10.



Resources

 A variety of resources are used in the teaching of maths.





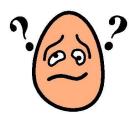




Why does Numicon work?

- It is very visual.
- It is colourful and pleasing to the eye.
- The holes are finger sized.
- It gives a concrete image of number.
- It is fun!
- It can used for all four operations.





How can I help my child?



- 1. Help them with their homework.
- 2. Practice counting with them in 2's, 5's and 10's on and back.
- 3. Use maths in everyday life e.g. shopping, laying the table.
- 4. Play games e.g. snakes and ladders, frustration.
- 5. Buy a maths kit!!!



Maths Kits

- These are available to buy for £5.00.
- These are used as a way to encourage children to use maths at home.
- This contains two 1-6 dice, 30 counters, step counting cards in tens, fives and twos, 0-30/0-10 wipe able number line, whiteboard and pen, 100 square, pack of playing cards, wipe able clock face, wipe able 100 square, maths mat and a termly booklet with ideas and websites.

 Please feel free to look at the resources and games at the tables.

Any questions, do grab us!



Useful Websites

- www.sparklebox.co.uk
- www.twinkl.co.uk
- www.ictgames.com
- www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/ks1/maths
- www.topmarks.co.uk/maths